

## Village of Patchogue Revitalization, Economic Impact Analysis

Prepared for: Long Island Regional Planning Council



ECONOMIC AND REAL ESTATE ANALYSIS FOR SUSTAINABLE LAND USE OUTCOMES™

The Long Island Regional Planning Council acknowledges and appreciates the support of the Suffolk County Economic Development Corporation in producing this study.

#### **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis:**

#### **Methods Employed**

#### **Interviews**

- Village of Patchogue public officials
- Patchogue-Medford School District superintendent
- Town of Brookhaven officials
- Local real estate professionals
- Local business owners

## **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis: Methods Employed**

#### **Economic Impact Analysis**

- Public Subsidies
- Private Development Investment
- Spending from New Non-Local Households
- New Businesses Operations
- Prospective residential and commercial development

## **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis: Methods Employed**

#### **Fiscal Impact Analysis**

- New residents and public school-age children.
- Net fiscal impacts to the school district
- Prospective residential and commercial development

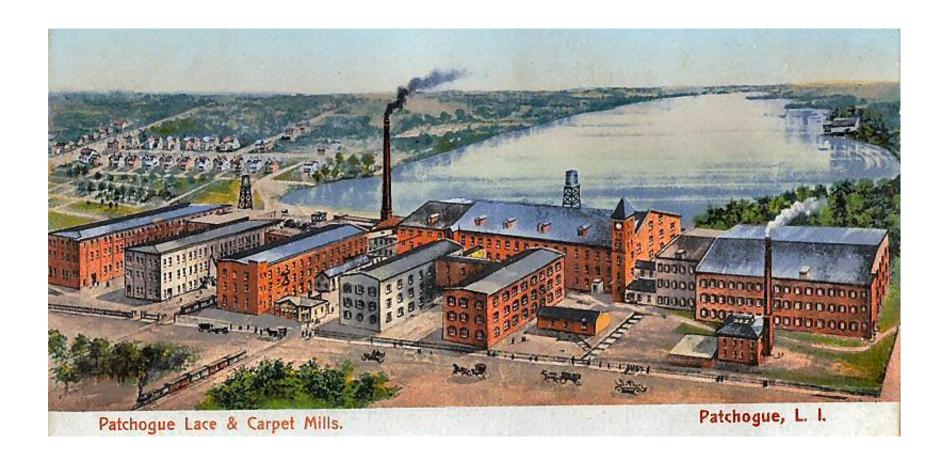
#### **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis:**

#### **Methods Employed**

#### **Comparative Analysis**

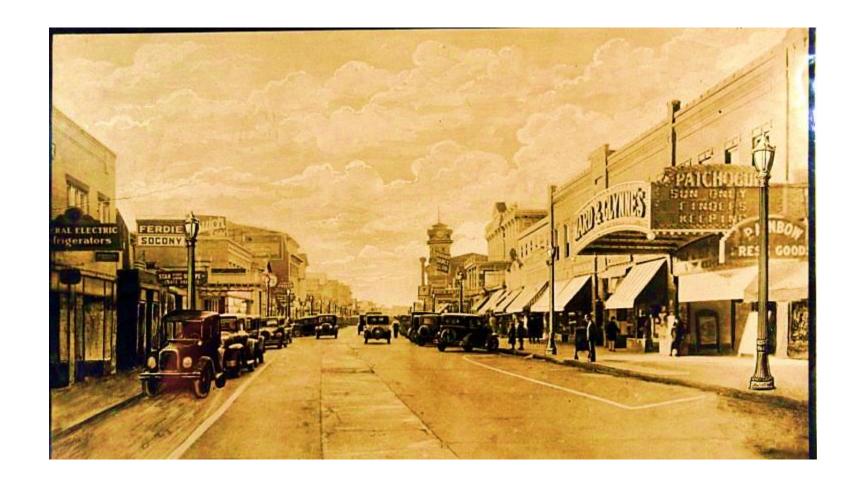
- Real Property Values
- Number of Business Establishments
- Value of Sales, Receipts or Revenues
- Annual Payroll
- Number of Employees



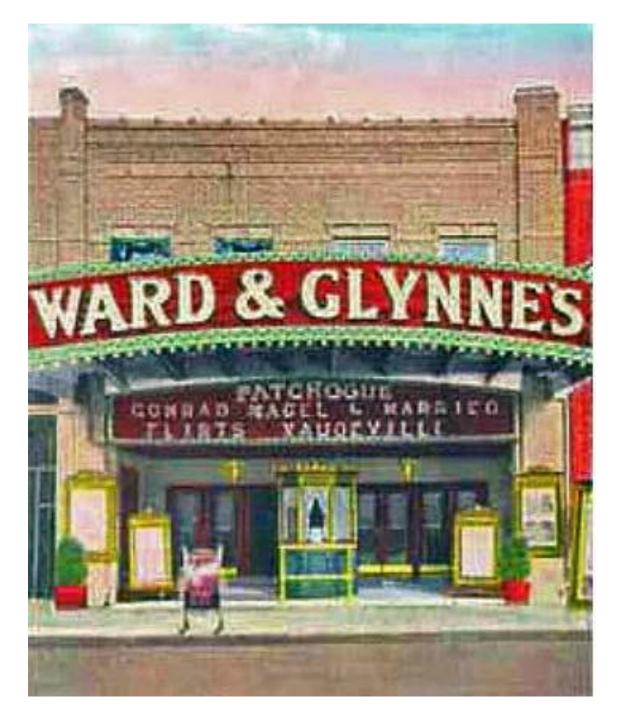


The economic foundation of Patchogue was developed around heavy industry, which led to the establishment of retail, hospitality and entertainment businesses.

he Theatre Classic of Long Island" RD and GLYNNE'S Wednesday Evenin MAY 23rd. OFFERING A POLICY OF Jaudeville & Feature Picture COMBINED ony Orchestra -- \$10,000.00 Concert Organ -- Ben Nelson, Dir



Patchogue's commercial district was a regional destination for many decades and a good deal of the building architecture remains – lending to Patchogue's current visitor appeal.



## The Central Business District (CBD) Remains Healthy 2% to 5% Vacancy Rate Pre 1960s

## The CBD Begins to Experience Increased Vacancies 10% to 20% Vacancy Rate 1960s to 1970s

# The CBD Experiences Full Blown Distress 40% to 50% Vacancy Rate 1980s to 1990s



## What were the catalysts underpinning Patchogue's revitalization?

Vision and Volunteerism: the "can do" attitude of the village's civic, business, and elected leaders

**Infrastructure Improvements:** including expansion of the village's wastewater treatment facility

Partnerships with Developers: allowing developers to "bring their best" ideas and encouraging them to invest in the community

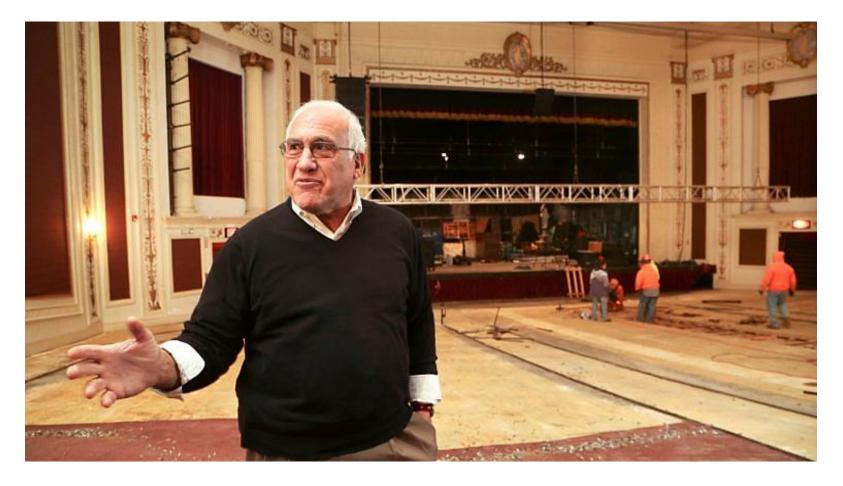
**Vigorous Pursuit of Grant Funding:** municipal projects, arts organizations, and business groups all benefitted

## What were the catalysts underpinning Patchogue's revitalization?

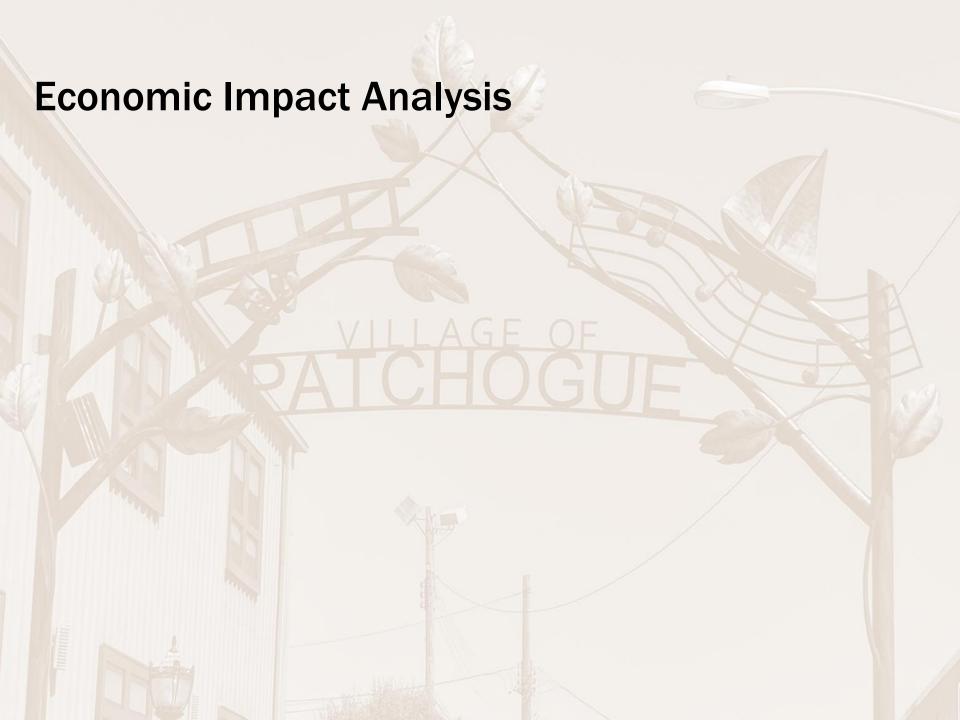
**Creating an Entertainment and Dining Destination:** creating more and better options to encourage visitor spending

Attracting Visitors with Community Events: including the annual Alive at Five event welcoming thousands to the village

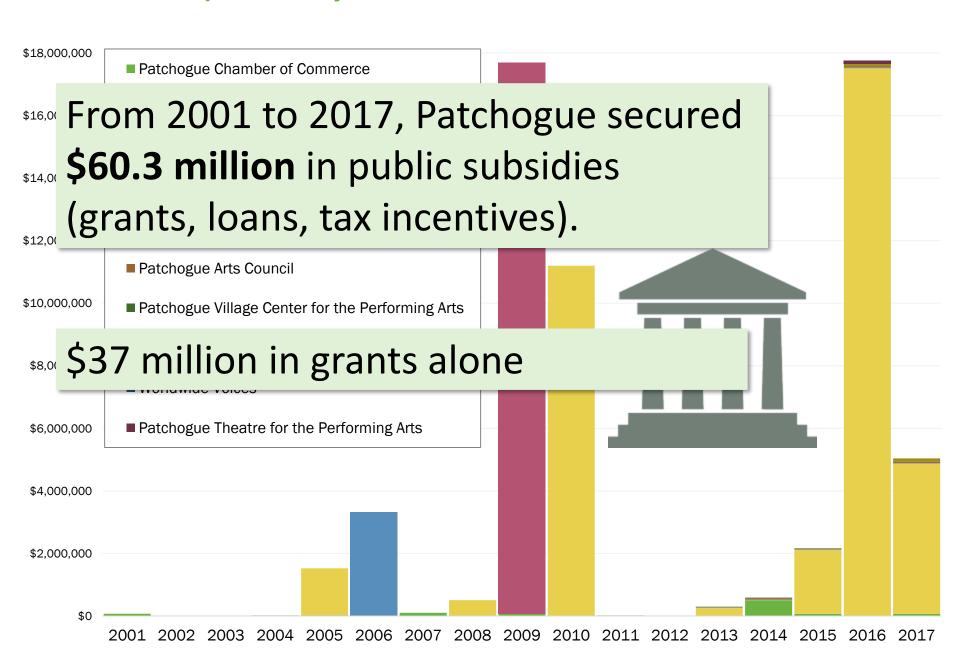
**Building a New Arts and Cultural Scene:** including renovation of the Patchogue theater and artist housing



Every successful revitalization effort has a champion at its beginning.



#### **Economic Impact Analysis: Public Subsidies**



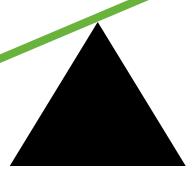
Patchogue's ability to secure and/or provide grants, loans and tax incentives was critical to the scale of private investment made over the past 17 years

\$246MM

Total Private Residential Development Costs

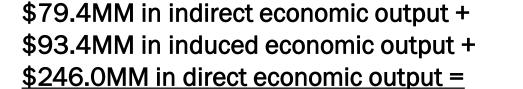
\$60.3MM

Grants, Loans & Tax Incentives



For every \$1.00 directly invested in construction activity, \$0.70 in indirect and induced activity resulted throughout the Suffolk County economy.

\$246 Million in Construction Investments



\$418.8MM in total economic output



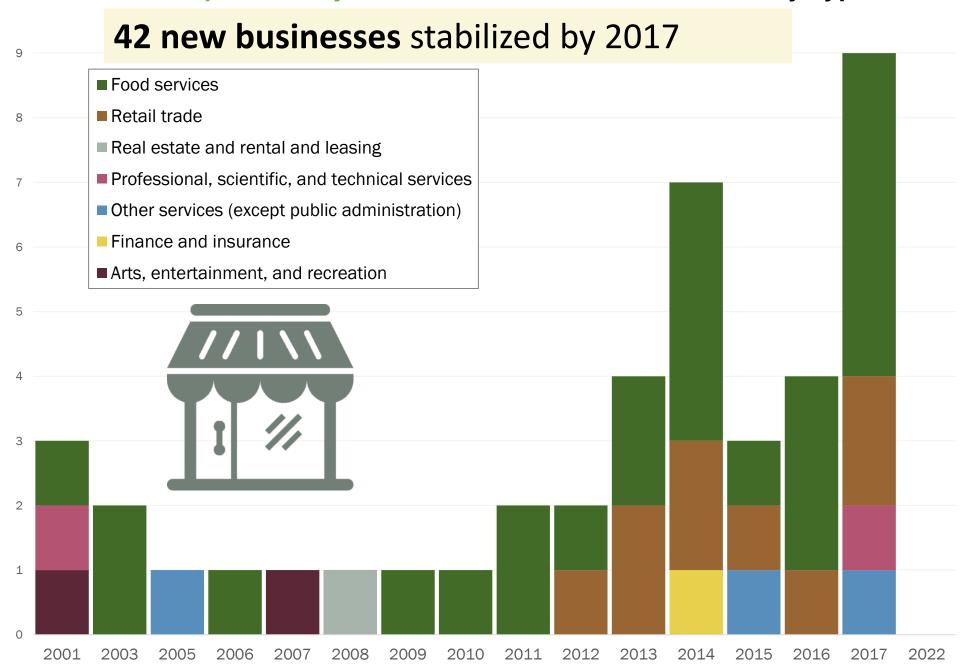
1,435 direct temporary jobs + 582 indirect temporary jobs + 651 induced temporary jobs = 2,668 total temporary jobs

For every 100 direct construction related jobs created, 86 indirect and induced jobs were created within the Suffolk County economy.

#### **Economic Impact Analysis: Direct & Indirect Employment Impacts**

- 54 new businesses established in downtown Patchogue between 2000 and 2017.
- 42 of these businesses are considered stable (operating for at least one full year).
- An estimated 408 direct new jobs in the downtown are attributed to these new businesses.
- An additional 128 indirect and induced jobs were created in Suffolk County as a result.

#### **Economic Impact Analysis: New Businesses Stabilized by Type**



#### **Economic Impact Analysis: 2000 to 2017 Total Economic Impacts**

Cumulative number of jobs: 5,918

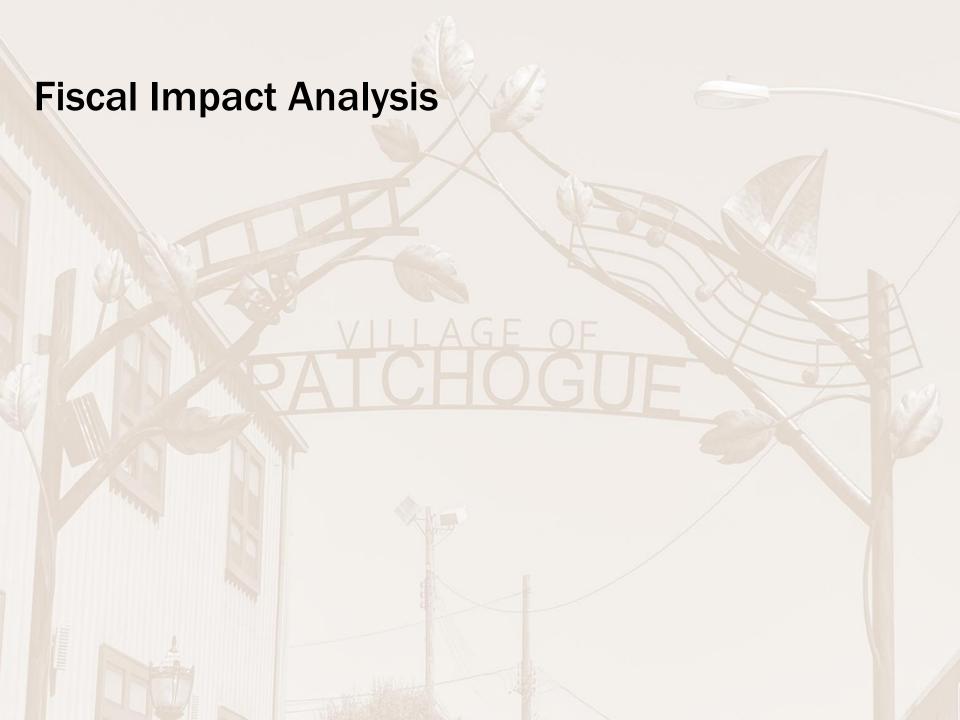
Total Direct Economic Output: \$408,476,636

Total Indirect Economic Output: \$124,349,678

Total Induced Economic Output: \$160,483,644

Total Economic Output: \$693,309,958

The above values pertain to construction, new households spending and new business operations over the 17-year period.





Copper Beech



Condos on Waverly



Riverview Condos



Bay Village Condos



Artspace Lofts



New Village



714 total dwelling units

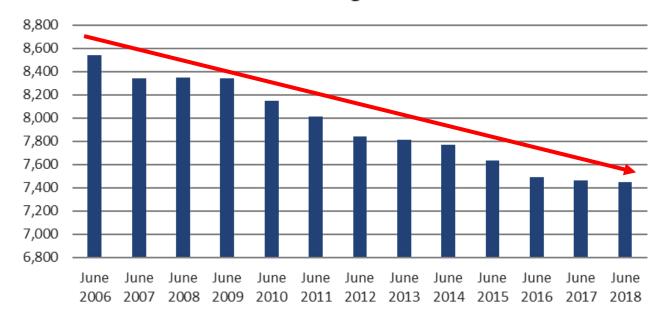
1,465 total residents

142 total public school-age children

The above population figures are likely overstated, based on local interviews and secondary research



Patchogue-Medford School District District Enrollment Figures: 2006 - 2018



Over the 12-year period examined, the PMSD realized <u>a decrease of nearly 1,100 students</u>, despite an overall increase in the Village population during the same timespan.

Residential Project	Years Open	Total PSAC	Lower Limit Average Cost (\$4,000/Pupil) Total Annual Average Cost	Total Educational Service Cost Since Project Opening	
Copper Beech	10	8	\$32.000	\$320.000	
An estimated \$3.5 million in total educational service costs since 2006.					
Artspace Lofts	5	18	\$72,000	\$360,000	
Artspace Lofts  New Village Apartments	5 5	18 81	\$72,000 \$324,000		
		_		\$360,000	

The likely average per pupil cost for new students in the district is assumed to be \$4,000 (approximately one sixth of the current average cost).

Residential Project	Years Open	Total PMSD Taxes			
Copper Beech	10	\$1,869,561			
Condos on Riverview ( An estimated \$6.6 million 3,679					
Bay Village in total tax levies 2006.					
Artspace Lofts	5	\$59,910			
New Village Apartments	5	***			
Riverwalk Condos	7	\$1,047,347			
Totals		\$6,614,297			

Based on tax assessor data, the seven multifamily projects examined have a cumulative tax levy total of \$6,614,297 since 2006.

\$6,614,297 in estimated tax levies over ten years minus...

**\$3,464,000** in estimated educational costs over the same ten years =

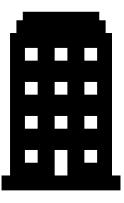
\$3,150,297 estimated net surplus revenues to the School District

#### Fiscal Impact Analysis Findings: Prospective Development

What fiscal impact would occur if a new 100-room hotel were developed?

Or a new 60-unit apartment building?

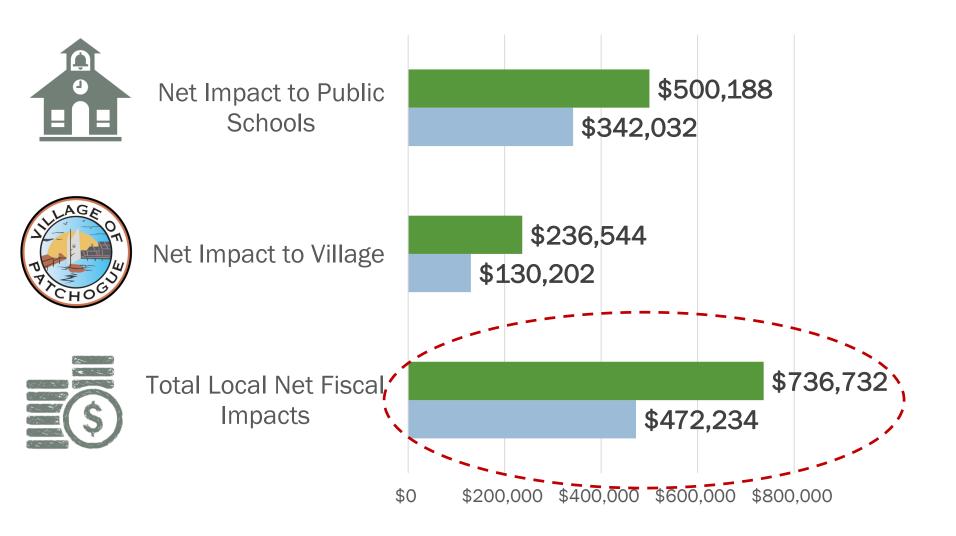


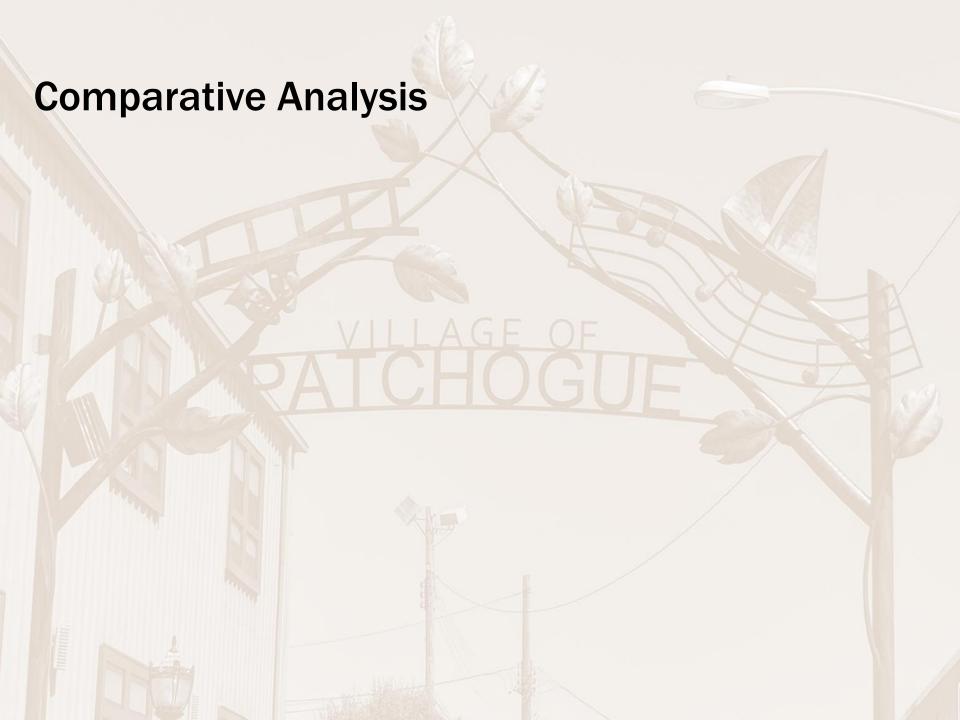


#### **Net Fiscal Impact Findings:**

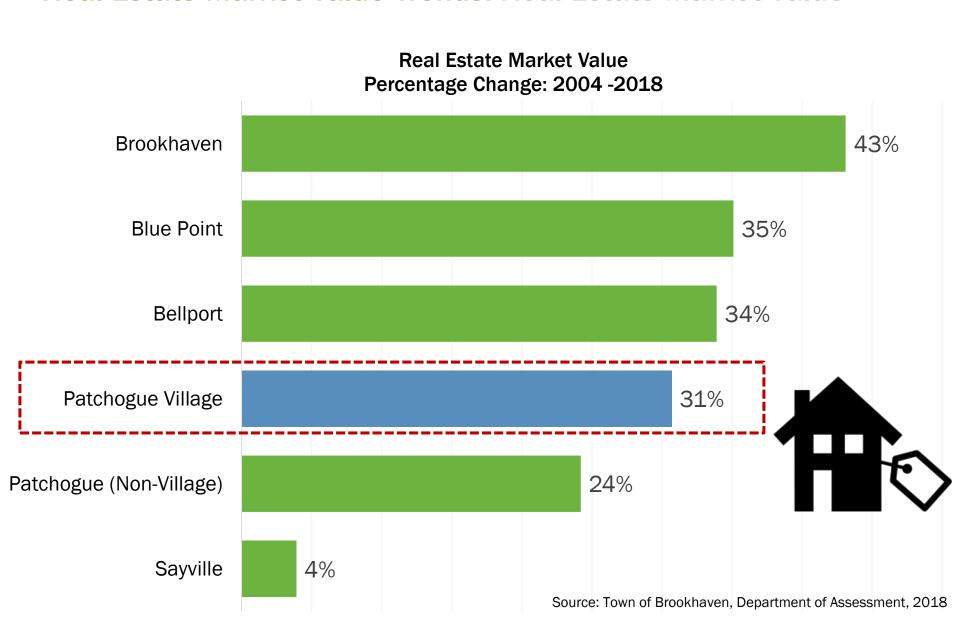
Prospective Large Scale Development Projects

- 100 room Hotel
- Multi-family Residential



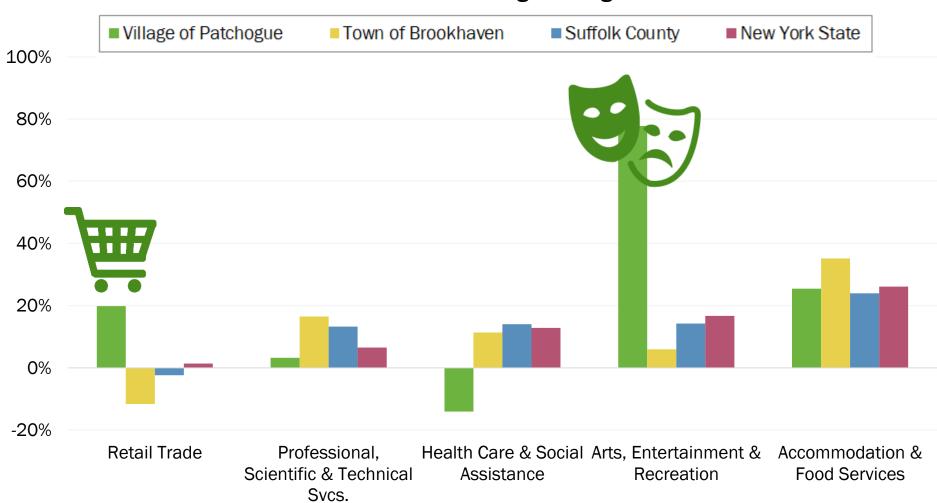


#### Real Estate Market Value Trends: Real Estate Market Value





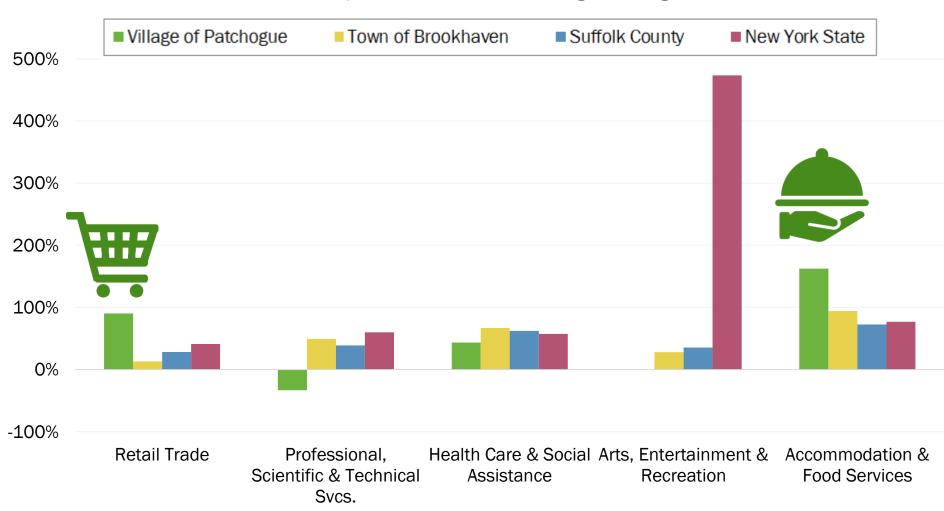
#### **Businesses Established: Percentage Change Since 2002-2012**



Source: Census Bureau, ACS, 2018

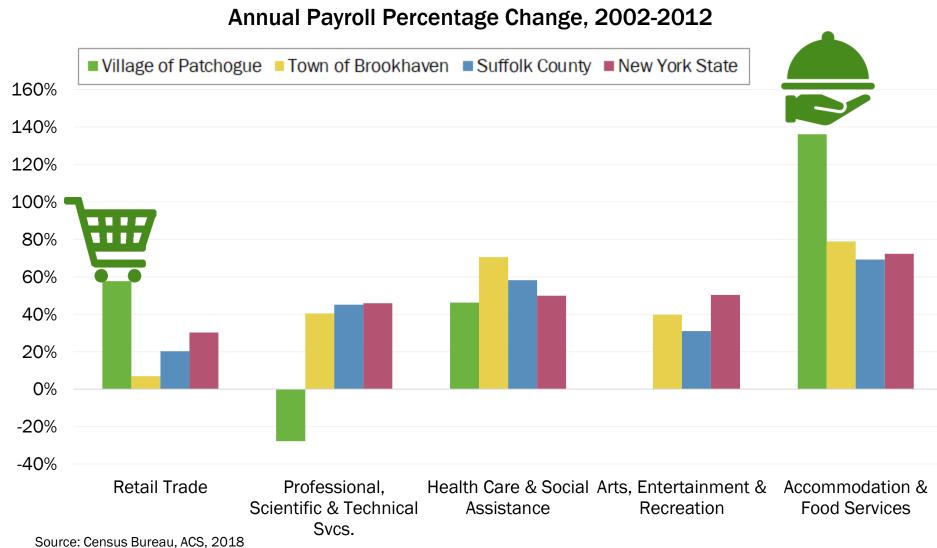


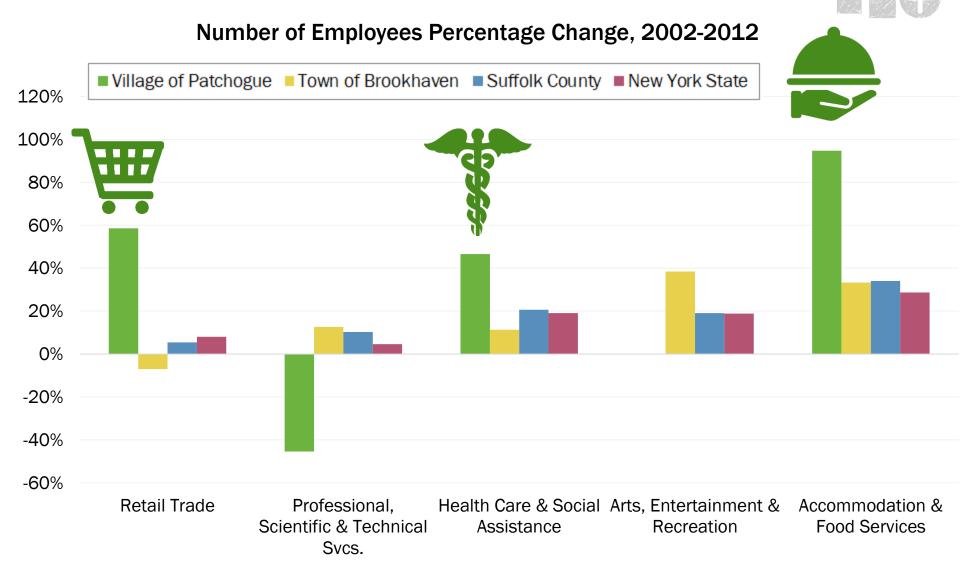
#### Value of Sales, Receipts, Revenue Percentage Change, 2002-2012



Source: Census Bureau, ACS, 2018







Source: Census Bureau, ACS, 2018



#### **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis: Study Takeaways**

- Upfront public investment can leverage many times its value in private investment.
- Cooperation among various public and private sector actors is critical!
- Without one or more <u>steadfast</u> champions, success is not likely to be realized.
- Residential development particularly multifamily dwelling units – cannot be automatically assumed to be a fiscal burden to a community.



### Questions?

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