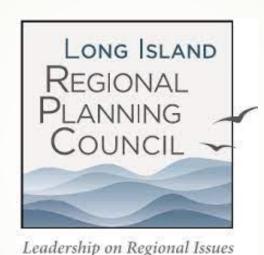
Island Wide Economic Flood Risk Study



A Study of Businesses, Revenues, and Jobs at Risk in Coastal Zones on Long Island's North and South Shore

LIRPC/LiRo GIS Collaboration

Long Island's First Waterfront Zoning and Uses GIS Inventory

- Study of Land Use and Zoning Along the South Shore
- ½ mile coastal buffer study area; 79 jurisdictions; 600 zoning designations
- The collaboration between LIRPC and LiRo GIS resulted in a valuable GIS-based database that can be applied in development, planning, or economic studies.
- Available as a web-based "Story Map" on <u>LIRPC website</u> in the "Environment" Section

Long Island Economic Flood Risk Study

- Believed first study of its kind to focus on flood risk threatening businesses, employees, and revenues – not residential property. Made use of Data Axle Business Location data – but not filtered by use.
- Focused on the South Shore
- Risk zones created using FEMA Flood Zones and "anecdotal zones" that is areas bounded by Montauk Highway and Sunrise Highway
 The study was very well received

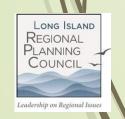




LIRPC/LiRo GIS Collaboration

Island Wide Long Island Economic Flood Risk Study

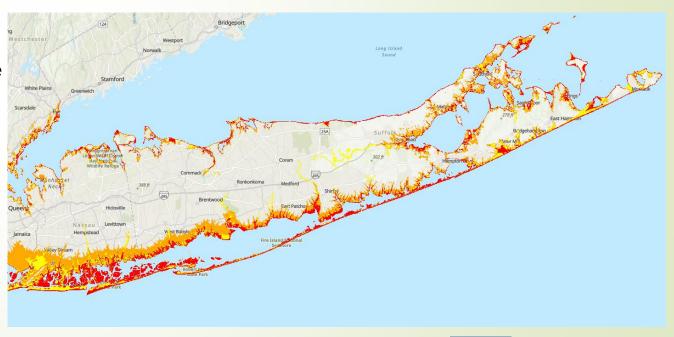
- Expanded to include the North Shore
- Required a uniform risk area dataset that applied to both the South and North Shore
- The New York State Department of State Downstate Coastal Risk Areas were adopted. The dataset originated from Sandy and has been maintained.
- Jurisdictions were expanded beyond the South Shore to include applicable
 North Shore jurisdictions
- The Data Axle business location data was updated for 2025.





NYS Coastal Risk Areas

- The dataset displays Risk Areas which help illustrate the geographic distribution of coastal risk. The objective of mapped Risk Areas is to define areas at risk from coastal hazards. Data were collected from sources accurate enough to differentiate geographic areas according to the likelihood of flooding, erosion, waves and storm surge. Mapped Risk Areas are classified into three categories: Extreme, High, and Moderate.
- Similar to FEMA flood zones but not exactly the same. FEMA Flood zones are used to determine flood insurance and regulate development.







NYS Coastal Risk Areas

 Extreme – Includes both FEMA Zone V (wave action) and Zone AE (no wave action)

Hawthorne St

Linden St

(EL 7) OF FLOODING

High – Zone AE

Maple St

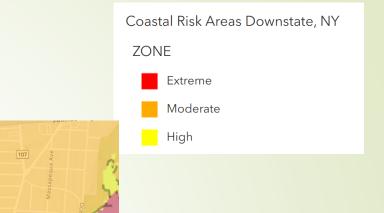
LONG ISLAND REGIONAL PLANNING

COUNCIL ~

Leadership on Regional Issues

Zone X AREA OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD

Moderate – Sort of "Zone X"

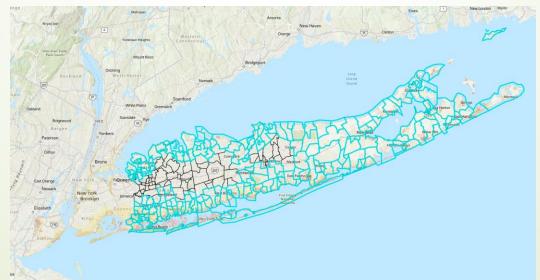






Jurisdictions

- 216 in the Island Wide Study:
 - 139 Census Designated Places (unincorporated areas within the Nassau and Suffolk County)
 - 73 Incorporated Villages
 - 2 Cities
 - Jones Beach State Park
 - Poospatuck Reservation
 - Før context, the original South Shore Study had 79 jurisdictions
- The criteria for selection is that a jurisdiction had to intersect a NYS DOS Risk Area



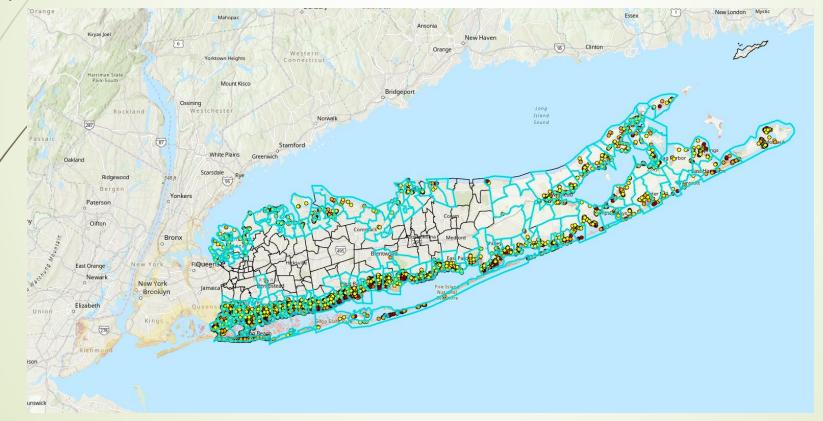




Business Data

LONG ISLAND REGIONAL

- Same dataset used in previous studies and updated 2025 Data Axle Update
- The first analysis task was to identify those jurisdictions that had business data that is contained within a Risk Area. This set reduced the number of jurisdictions to 177.





The Numbers

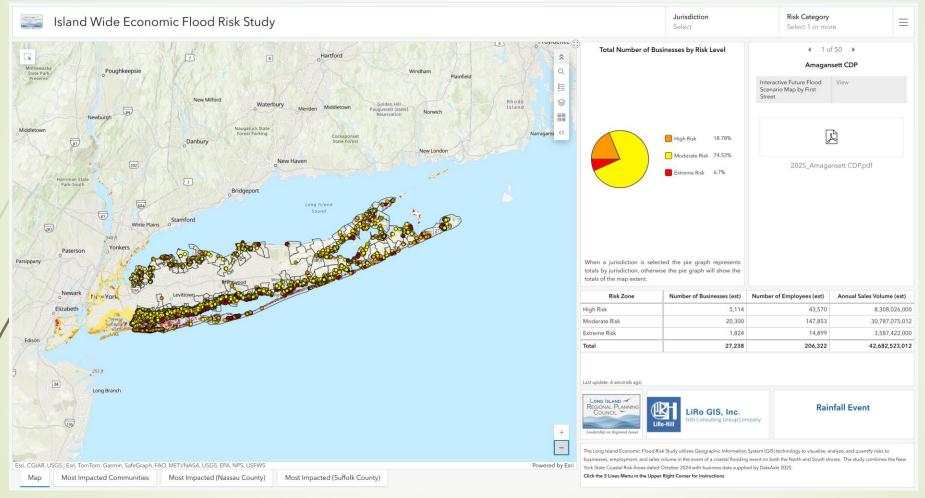
		ISLAND WIDE						
			Number of Businesses (est)	Annual Sales Volume (est)	Number of Employees (est)			
		Extreme Risk	1,824					
		High Risk	5,114	\$8,308,026,000	43,570			
		Moderate Risk	20,300	\$30,787,075,012	147,853			
		GRAND TOTAL	27,238	\$42,682,523,012	206,322			
			N I (D ' /)	A (C-1)/-1 /)	North and Franksian (and)			
			Number of Businesses (est)					
1		Extreme Risk	6.7%					
\		High Risk Moderate Risk	18.8% 74.5%		21.1% 71.7%			
		Moderate Risk	74.5%	72.170	/1./70			
		GRAND TOTAL	100%	100%	100%			
		ORAND TOTAL	10070	10070	10070			
NASSAU COUNTY					SUFFOLK COUNTY			
	Number of Businesses (est)	Annual Sales Volume (est)	Number of Employees (est)			Number of Businesses (est)	Annual Sales Volume (est)	Number of Employees (est)
Extreme Risk	1,094	\$2,716,909,000	9,315		Extreme Risk	730	\$870,513,000	5,584
High Risk	3,783	\$6,162,036,000	31,957		High Risk	1,331	\$2,145,990,000	11,613
Moderate Risk	12,518	\$18,611,066,012	90,250		Moderate Risk	7,782	\$12,176,009,000	57,603
GRAND TOTAL	17,395	\$27,490,011,012	131,522		GRAND TOTAL	9,843	\$15,192,512,000	74,800
	Number of Businesses (est)					Number of Businesses (est)		
Extreme Risk	6.3%	9.9%	7.1%		Extreme Risk	7.4%	5.7%	7.5%
High Risk	21.7%	22.4%	24.3%		High Risk	13.5%	14.1%	15.5%
Moderate Risk	72.0%	67.7%	68.6%		Moderate Risk	79.1%	80.1%	77.0%
CDAND TOTAL	400 00/	400.00/	400 00/		CDAND TOTAL	400 00/	400.00/	100.00/
GRAND TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		GRAND TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



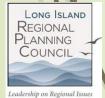


Link to Map

Map Demonstration

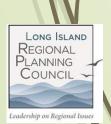






Flood Types

	Flood Type	Description	Adaptation Infrastructure	
Conventional Risk Area -	River	Flooding resulting from the overflow of rivers or streams due to heavy rainfall or snowmelt, inundating adjacent land areas	Floodwall, Levee, Dikes, Dams	
Modeling	Coastal	Flooding when seawater inundates coastal areas due to storm surges, high tides, or sea-level rise	Seawalls, Living breakwaters	
Frequency _ Increasing	Precipitation	Flooding caused by excessive rainfall leading to surface water accumulation	Floodwall, Levee	



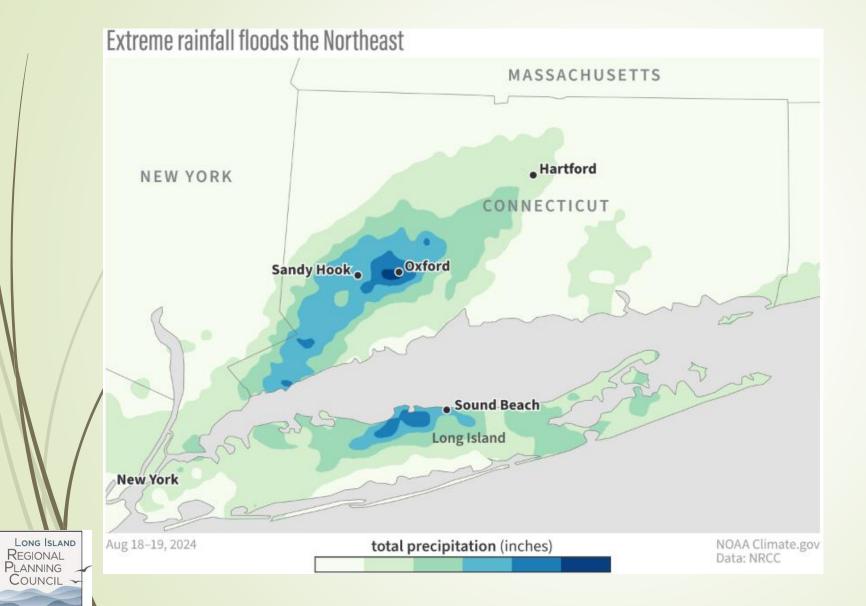
River

Precipitation

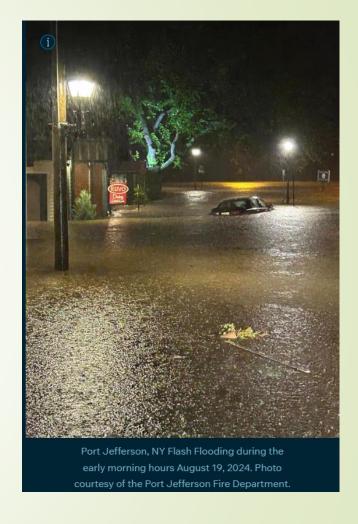




August 2024 Rainfall Event



Leadership on Regional Issues





Link to Map

Map Demonstration

